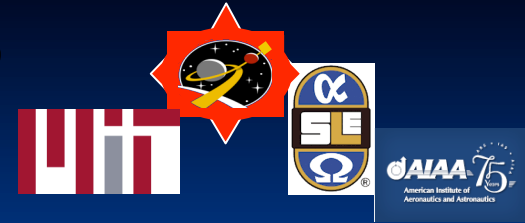


Space Exploration Logistics Workshop

17-18 January 2006

Omni Shoreham Hotel, Washington, DC

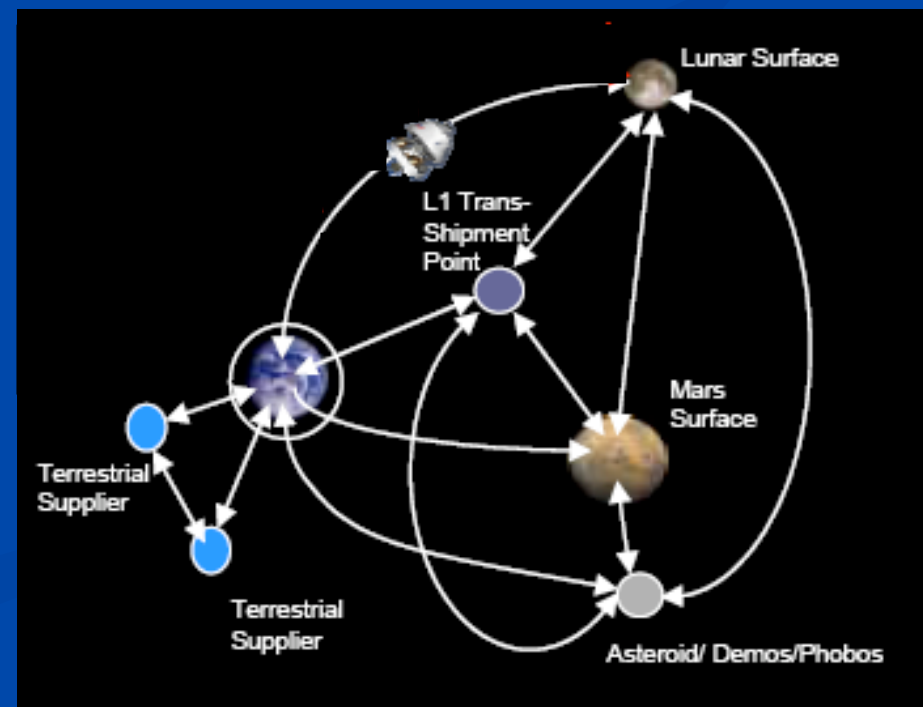


Group F *Spares Management*

Group Leader
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Group Facilitator
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Group Scribe
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Session Overview



■ Spares Management Scope

- A discussion that covers the ‘what, where, when, how many, and how-to’ issues of spares management for exploration missions

■ Goals

- Identify and define the impact of spares management issues on the three different exploration mission types

■ Organization

- Identify the important issues (starter list + attendee participation)
- Pick the “top 3” issues/topics relevant to each exploration mission type
- Discuss potential impacts, mitigations and opportunities, early tests/demonstrations, and interfaces to other systems

Discussion Points



- ❑ Design of systems for reliability
- ❑ Commonality and re-configurability
- ❑ Forecasting failure rates
 - ❑ Low density of each ORU
 - ❑ Large MTBF
 - ❑ Experiential updating (Bayesian techniques?)
 - ❑ Multiple lots, sources, and/or blocks
- ❑ Level-of-repair analysis
 - ❑ Optimal number of repair echelons (O, I, D)
 - ❑ Optimal repair-in-space rate
 - ❑ Design of ORUs for in-space maintenance
- ❑ In-space transportation/storage of spares

Discussion Points



- ❑ Sparing-to-availability (single-echelon)
 - ❑ POS
 - ❑ Functional availability
 - ❑ Risk-based (PRA required)
- ❑ Optimal multi-echelon distribution of spares inventory
- ❑ Optimal procurement strategies
 - ❑ Lifetime buy
 - ❑ Hedging against supply/demand uncertainty
 - ❑ EOQ
- ❑ Managing condemnations
 - ❑ Optimal triage
 - ❑ Cannibalization
 - ❑ Cost of repairs vs. buy new
- ❑ Inventory tracking/data management

Issues - Short Lunar Mission



1. *Issue:*

Predicted Impact:

Potential Mitigation:

Testing Methods:

Impact on Other Systems:

Possible Solution(s):

2. *Issue:*

Predicted Impact:

Potential Mitigation:

Testing Methods:

Impact on Other Systems:

Possible Solution(s):

See “Common to All Missions”

3. *Issue:*

Predicted Impact:

Potential Mitigation:

Testing Methods:

Impact on Other Systems:

Possible Solution(s):

Issues – Long Lunar Mission



1. *Issue:*

Predicted Impact:

Potential Mitigation:

Testing Methods:

Impact on Other Systems:

Possible Solution(s):

2. *Issue:*

Predicted Impact:

Potential Mitigation:

Testing Methods:

Impact on Other Systems:

Possible Solution(s):

See “Common to All Missions”

3. *Issue:*

Predicted Impact:

Potential Mitigation:

Testing Methods:

Impact on Other Systems:

Possible Solution(s):

Issues – Mars Mission



1. *Issue:*

Predicted Impact:

Potential Mitigation:

Testing Methods:

Impact on Other Systems:

Possible Solution(s):

2. *Issue:*

Predicted Impact:

Potential Mitigation:

Testing Methods:

Impact on Other Systems:

Possible Solution(s):

See “Common to All Missions”

3. *Issue:*

Predicted Impact:

Potential Mitigation:

Testing Methods:

Impact on Other Systems:

Possible Solution(s):

Issues – Common to all Missions



- 1. Issue: Logistics Engineering is ignored in the Design Phase*
Predicted Impact: Inability to spare and maintain, support costs and risk will soar
Potential Mitigation: Do Logistics Engineering in the design phase or buy more spares
Testing Methods: Use simulation and modeling for sparing to availability
Impact on Other Systems: Individual Missions and short term performance will be sub-optimal while life-cycle will be “more optimal”
Possible Solution(s): Program Authority must impose logistics considerations in the design phase – “Top Down” Emphasis
- 2. Issue: Loss of Supplier and Product Line Viability*
Predicted Impact: reduced parts availability and increased cost due to increased demand uncertainty and long lead times
Potential Mitigation: firm and constrained mission duration
Testing Methods: Sensitivity analysis and analytical or simulation modeling
Impact on Other Systems: NA
Possible Solution(s): A. Consolidation to the organic supply base B. Standardize Interface and Function to allow for upgrade/ technology insertion

Issues – Common to all Missions



3. Issue: Lack of integrated hardware/software design and maintenance strategies and policies

Predicted Impact: Overly rigid designs drive costs up; and dramatically increases risk of catastrophic mission failure

Potential Mitigation: Increased operational workarounds

Testing Methods: Efficiency figures of merit

Impact on Other Systems:

Possible Solution(s): A. Implementation of a condition-based maintenance policy B. Identify optimal level of repair in space C. Increase use of embedded diagnostics or external testers

Other Points not Developed



- Is modularity worth it
 - Decision factors
 - High \$ value
 - Critical Items/wear out items
 - Consumables (critical)
 - Fast technology upgrades
 - Decision on a case by case basis
 - Is any level of repair applicable to modular items
 - Impact on demand patterns/needs
- Increased demands because of obsolescence “failures”
 - Condition based maintenance
 - Shift in levels of risk (e.g. prevention of failures)

Other Points not Developed



- Procurement of Spares
 - Trade Off in \$ between spares, provisioning, & technology refresh
 - Probabilistic Estimate of when/How many to buy
 - Full reparable or component of reparable
 - Testing for Compatibility
 - Built in diagnostics
 - Lead time to impact
- Demand Forecasting
 - No commonality in standards, types, crew, hazards, STTE requirements in design
 - Goals rather than standards might be unsupportable
- Focus shift from SCM to provisioning D for S/M/R, sparing to availability etc, doctrine (level of repair & LORA)